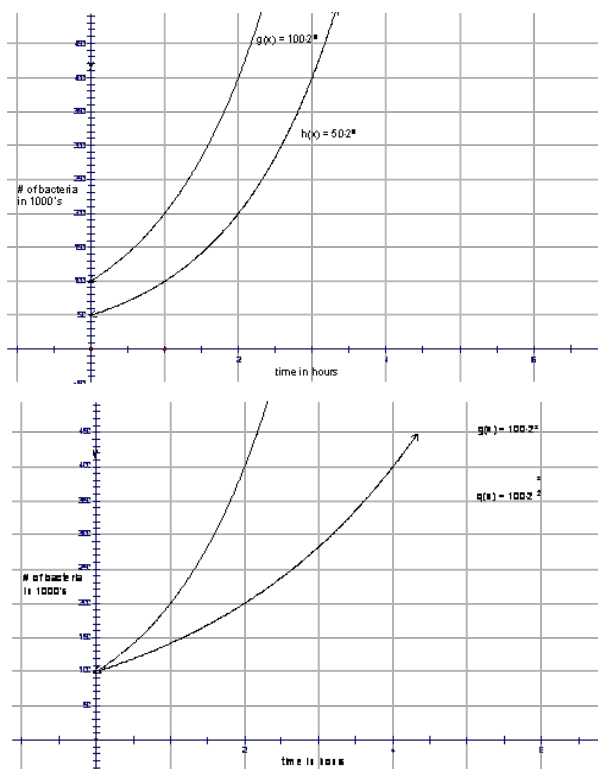


6.7 Exponential Growth

Bacterial Growth



Exponential Growth: Comparing Functions

Compare the graphs on each grid, list and explain their differences and similarities.

$$g(x) = 100(2)^x$$

$$h(x) = 50(2)^x$$

Similarities

Differences

- both exponential growth
- base of 2 - has doubling time
- both have a doubling time of 1 hour

- initial values are different

$$g(x) = 100(2)^x$$

$$f(x) = 100(2)^{x/2}$$

Similarities

Differences

- both exponential growth
- base of 2 - has doubling time
- same initial value

- doubling time is different
- $g(x) = 100(2)^x$ doubles in 1 hour
- $g(x) = 100(2)^{x/2}$ doubles in 2 hours

Formula: $P(n) = P_0(1+r)^n$



$P(n)$: final amount (number)
 r : growth rate

P_0 : initial amount (number)
 n : number of growth periods

When the base $(1+r)$ is greater than 1: growth

Ex 1:

According to the 1991 census, the region of Niagara, Ontario, had 364 552 residents. For the next few years, the population grew at a rate of 2.2% per year. For planning purposes, the regional government needs to determine the population of the region in 2010. The algebraic model for this case is: $P(n) = P_0(1+r)^n$

- What is the initial population, P_0 ? 364552
- What is the growth rate r of the population? $\frac{2.2}{100} = 0.022$
- How many growth periods are there? $2010 - 1991 = 19$
- Write the algebraic model for this situation.

$$P(n) = 364552(1+0.022)^n$$

- Use the model to determine the population in 2010.

$$= 364552(1+0.022)^{19} = 364552(1.022)^{19}$$

$$= 551221.9529$$

\therefore the population will be 551222 in 2010

Real World Applications

1. You can calculate the amount of money you have in your investment account after a given number of years using the formula $A = P(1+i)^n$ where A is the amount in \$ you will have, P is the principal (initial amount of money invested), i is the interest rate per year and n is the number of years.

a) Complete the table of values for your \$5000 invested at 4.5%/a.

b) When will you have \$5705?

c) When will you have \$6095?

d) This is an example of exponential

n	A
1	5125
2	5460.13
3	5705.83
4	5962.59
5	6230.91

growth

$$A = 5000(1 + 0.045)^n$$

$$\frac{6095}{5000} = \frac{5000(1.045)^n}{5000}$$

$$1.219 = (1.045)^n$$

$$n = 4.5$$

$$\frac{\log 1.219}{\log 1.045}$$

Ex 2: (p 430 #8)

Mari invests \$2000 in a bond that pays 6% per year.

a) Write an equation that models the growth of her investment.

$$A = 2000(1 + 0.06)^n$$

b) How much money does she have if she cashes the bond at the end of the 4th year?

$$= 2000(1 + 0.06)^4$$

$$= 2524.95$$

\therefore after 4 years she will have \$2524.95

c) How much will the bond be worth at the end of the 5th year?

$$= 2000(1 + 0.06)^5$$

$$= 2676.45$$

How can you determine the amount earned during the 5th year?

year 5 - year 4 \therefore \$151.50 in interest earned.

- e) Determine the amount Mari will earn at the end of the 20th and 21st year and the amount made **during** the **21st** year

$$A_{(21)} = 6799.13 \quad \left\{ \quad A_{(20)} = 6414.27 \right.$$

$$\text{During the 21st year} = 6799.13 - 6414.27 \\ = 384.86$$

\therefore \$384.86 is made during the 21st year.

- f) Compare the money earned **during** the 5th and 21st years.
What does this tell you about exponential growth?

Money grows faster the longer it is invested

Ex 3: (p 431 #10)

$$f(x) = C a^x$$

An ant colony triples in number every month. Currently, there are 24000 in the nest.

- a) What is the initial population?

$$24000$$

- b) Write an equation that models the number of ants in the colony, given the number of months.

$$f(x) = 24000(3)^x$$

- c) Use your equation to predict the size of the colony in three months.

$$f(x) = 24000(3)^3$$

$$\therefore \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 648000$$

negative
2

- d) Use your equation to predict the size of the colony five months ago.

$$f(x) = 24000(3)^{-5} \\ = 99$$

$$\therefore \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Ex 4 A certain strain of yeast cell doubles under certain conditions every 20 minutes. If there were 350 initially, how many cells will there be in 3 hours?

$$= 350(2)^{\frac{t}{20}}$$

$$= 350(2)^{\frac{180}{20}}$$

$$= 179200$$



$$3 \text{ hours} = 180 \text{ min}$$

\therefore the population is 179200 after 3 hours.

Hmwk:

p 430 # 4, 6,
7, 9, 11

